



Department of Primary Industries and Regional Development

Stock water – meeting the future needs

Water in a variable climate

Dr Richard George – DPIRD







1962-1963

2017





Its all about managing variability...

- Recent dry seasons ... saved in recent months...
- Old water options exposed (dams, few non-saline bores, backbone IWSS)
- Industry risk after 2-3 dry winters,
- 450 road trains carting water to livestock weekly





Water demand – dryland agriculture



* Accuracy low

IWSS Farmlands – public supply (10-20% demand)





| | GAWS (Mundaring to just past | GSTWSS |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | Southern | |
| | Cross) | |
| Length of mains | 8800km | 3000km |
| Farmlands | 2900 out of | 1290 out of |
| customers | 19900 total | 37900 total |
| | customers | customers |
| Farmlands | 3.85GL out of a | 1.68GL out of a |
| usage | total of 9.9GL | total of 5.00GL |
| | | |



WaterSmart Farms

• Minister announced January 2021 (\$1.5m <2.5 years)

R&D partnerships to deliver:

- \$0.2m Assessing early adopters and technology
- \$0.7m Assessing groundwater options and disposal
- \$0.6m Assessing desalination equipment and systems

Looking to grow initial project through new partnerships

Advance SmartDams and other aspects (Drought Hubs... etc)



Clearing & salinity – Part 2 - groundwater options...







Case study 1 – Newdegate (saprock)



Case study 2 – Badgebup (saprock & hardrock)







Numbers estimated from industry and DPIRD

RO Desalination

- First trial mid 1980s
- Initial farmers 2008 & 2014
- Build up 2019-20 with dry season (21 NOIDs)
- Now 40 plus installed
- Great Southern focus



4-5 Main RO suppliers





Wagin – dewater and desalinate







SmartDams

Build partnerships to look at surface water

Drought Hub partnership...?

GGA - capacity

....but we started.....

Dam density in the SW of WA



DPIRD Machine Learning – Nick Wright

SmartDams: Large (deep) dams with engineered - improved catchments





Post 2000s cropping reduced runoff Beyond 2020 - no catchments = low reliability

Machine learning – estimate of density of roaded catchments





Other options to improve farm water security

- Audit & Plan
- Double dams, deeper dams
- Seepage control clay
- Evaporation control covers, shade
- Polymers improve runoff
- Plastics



Unfunded in WaterSmart Farms Phase 1







2006 - research into polymers



| Product name | Company | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Soil-Loc (Total Ground Control) | Omnichem | |
| Road Pave | Rain Storm | |
| Gluon 240 | Rain Storm | |
| Dustex | Dustex Australia Pty Ltd | |
| Claycrete II | Dynamic Stabilisation | |
| Soil Bond | Huntsman Chemical Company. | |
| PK4 | Eco-Enzymes Australia Pty Ltd. | |
| Cooee Ecotrax | Cooee Products | |



Effective at lowering thresholds to run water





Smart Phone M-apps

SmartsDams – location, design, planning surface water.

Geology – Geomaps as a exploration indicator tool for groundwater





WaterSmart Farms v1 & v2

Goal - Improve on-farm resilience of agricultural systems

- WaterSmart Farms find local fresh to brackish water, balancing IWSS and dams
- Desalination review and develop technology aspiration to have 1000 farms on 10-20kL systems - equate to the total IWSS Farmlands supply
- However desalination is a new cost and we have 200,000 dams. So how many do we keep, rebuild and update.
- Opportunity to improve landscape water balance salinity, by better using water.
- Next develop Drought / GGA partners to deliver regionally targeted elements



Radiometric opacity: 0%

Geomagnetic opacity: 27%

Black and white? Show structure? Show dykes? 🗹 Geo data from DMIRS

Fractured Rock New geophysics New opportunities and industry



